## **CONDENSED TIMELINE OF THE NORTH BORNEO ISSUE** Federation of Malaysia BNBC ceucs ... Borneo to Britain **(**\* **|** is formed. Composed of Federation of and Britain makes Malava + Crown North Borneo a Colony of Sarawak + Crown Colony. 2nd and 3rd Philippine Border Crossing Crown Colony of The Federation The Philippines files for BNBC pays Sultan of Malaysia asks Malaysian PM Mahathir The Sultan of Brunei | The Sultan of Sulu, | Overbeck and Dent | Britain Incident led by Raia Britain and the US sign the Boundaries Treaty Singapore is Malaysia Malaysia rejects North Borneo. FEDERATION OF MALAYA ACT: - Malaysia Joint The Malayan Union of Malaya was Malaysia Joint reiterates its Philippine claims to and Joint Patrol Philippines to reiterates need for | Sulu additional clarifying islands in the region belonging to Application to Gain Access to the Muda Agbimuddin Malay States of gives North Borneo Jamalul Alam, sells incorporate British declares The Federation of Malaya was Commission for s created, composed Bilateral Cooperation. by Philippines and Commission for In a referendum, residents from the willingness to North Borneo. North Borneo and those belonging to the US. amend the 1973 | Philippines to drop its Pleadings at the International (Sabah) to the Sultan North Borneo to North Borneo Co. BNBC a Malaysian \$300/year for established as a sovereign Negeri Sembilan, Kiram in North of the four Federated of North Borneo vote to join Malay States, the five composed of the country within the British Bilateral The Philippines is given the Turtle Islands. The Malaysia. As part of Federation abide by the Constitution Court of Justice hearing on the Pahang, Perak, and additional territory (BNBC) through a protectorate. two foreigners Borneo Cooperation Malaysia Commonwealth Philippine Flag was raised over Turtle Islands Unfederated Malay former Malayan Malaysia, North Borneo Manila Accord and repeal RA Malaysia sets up Ligitan-Sipadan islands dispute. becomes officially known of Malaysia Selangor are created. BARON VON OVERBECK in 1948. States, Malacca, and and the 1963 Consulate in Davao. 5446. ALFRED DENT ICJ rejects it. Joint Statement **1930** 1977 1704 1888 1903 1993 1878 1881 Malaysian Account Sultan Badarud Din II No Sultan 1881 - 1884 1884 - 1894 No clear Sultan SULTANATE TIMELINE 1986 - present 1936 - 1950 PAYMENTS GIVEN BY beck and Dent (1878-1881) British North Borneo Co. (1881 - 1936) Malaysian Government (1961 to present) Malaysian Government (1961 to present) BC stops payments (1936 - 1937) **PAYMENTS RECEIVED BY** Family disputes on assets (1936 - 1939) Payments divided among Sultan's heirs. (1939 to present) Payments divided among Sultan's heirs. (1939 to present) Payments divided among Sultan's heirs. (1939 to present) Philippine Account 1977 2011 No Sultan until now. Brunei North Sulu Borneo The Philippines breaks Diplomatic ties between Basis of North Borneo claim Sultan Esmail Kiram President Marcos: Sultan High Court of the 1st Philippine - 2nd and 3rd Philippine Border Crossing In the case of The Sultan of Brunei | The Sultan of Sulu USA, through Frank Sulu and Mindanao Sultan of Sulu, Sultan Esmail Kiram The Philippines The Philippines USA makes the Bates | USA abrogates the 1935 CONSTITUTION Basis of North Malaysia Joint RA 9522 (THE BASELINES LAW) - Malaysia Joint and Joint Patrol and other heirs says claims North Borneo establishes diplomatic diplomatic ties with the Philippines and dies and is replaced by | "The Philippine Magallona v. Executive Jamalul Kiram II, Government restates | State of North Borneo | Kiram was W. Carpenter, makes a | Governor Frank W. gives North Borneo Jamalul A'lam, Treaty with the under 1973 CONSTITUTION Defined our territory on the Borneo claim under Commission for Commission for agreements signed **WAS SIGNED** government is taking Kiram dies. Sultan Mahakuttah North Borneo is from Malaysia relations with Malaysia. Malaysia. Secretary, the Supreme dies. His brother, crowned as Sultan defined our territory to (Sabah) to the Sultan | leases North Borneo Sultan of Sulu. new deal with the Carpenter clarifies to | basis of: terms of Carpenter **1987 CONSTITUTION** Bilateral Bilateral Cooperation. by Philippines and Amends RA 5446. include "all the other a. The Treaty of Paris owned by the Muwallil Wasit II dies Treaty. definite steps to Court declared that of Sulu in 1950. defined our territory (Note: In 1898, USA Sultan of Sulu: to two foreigners: territories belonging to the b. The Convention of 1900 to include "all the However, the Constitution before being crowned. Malaysia sets up Republic Act No. 9522 Philippines. Heirs of took over the Interior that the The heirs of the Sultan eliminate of the Philippines by historic or BARON VON OVERBECK other territories THE CARPENTER TREATY Consulate in Davao. also adopeted international Sultanate reserve legal title." burdens of ASEAN did not relinguish the *Philippines*) Sultan of Sulu still of Sulu recognized the over which the **ALFRED DENT** Sultan says USA agree to the law as well as allowed the the Philippine clain Philippines has Philippine Claim to owns North Borneo. rights over income President as their following terms: future addition of territory Manila Accord is signed by sovereignty or to Sabah." 1. The Sultan gets allowance from lease payments representative in jurisdiction" Indonesia, The Federation 2. The Sultan gets land to themselves. settlement negotiations of Malaya, and the 3. The Sultan has no political of North Borneo. A Philippines agreeing to power but would instead be THIS MEANS: beacefully resolve the issue a spiritual leader to the The Philippines owns and Muslims. RA 5446 WAS SIGNED on North Borneo. rules the land but the heirs of The Baseline Law includes: The Sultan is selected and proclaimed by the Ruma Bechara. The President of the sultanate get the lease "the territory of Sabah, The Philippines refuses to the Philippines plays no part in selecting the Sultan, and will only recognize him payments. situated in North Borneo, over recognize Malaysia. after the Ruma Bechara's confirmation. which the Republic of the Philippines has acquired dominion and sovereignty." LEGAL DISCLAIMER: The information presented here is the product of academic research using publicly accessible source documents and does not constitute an official policy document of the Philippine Government.